## **LABORATORY PROTOCOL Nr. 2 - RESPIRATORY INFECTIONS II.**

## Case report 1

<b>ANAMNESIS:</b> In second half of January (this year January is not too cold) 65 years old woman comes
to the general practitioner with running nose, dry irritating caugh with pain over trachea, fever 39oC
malaise, headache, joint ache, arthralgia. These symptoms last for 2 days.

**Objective:** reddish throat, fever 39,5oC, markers of tracheitis

Sampling: nasopharyngeal swab for viral antigen detection tonsillar swab for cultivation

blood for bacterial inflammation proteins examinations

## **Results:**

Sedimantation rate (cut off = 15 mm/1 hod); CRP (cut off = 20 g/ml)

Cultivation: Tonsillar swab – viridans streptococci, neisseria spp.

## **Questions:**

- 1. Which infection is suscepted? Why the significant pathogen was not detected by cultivation?
- 2. Which examinations of which specimens can solve the etiology?
- 3. Which complications are seen in older patients?
- 4. Which therapy will be indicated? What is the mechanism of action of this medicament?

5. Is there any specific prevention of this disease?
6. What is the epidemiologic patterns of this infections?
Case report 2
<b>ANAMNESIS:</b> 3months old infant is admitted to pediatric clinic with fever 38,5oC, running nose, caugh and dyspnoea and absence of appetite, the symptoms last for 4 days and are worsening
<b>Objective:</b> Infant filled with mucous and fever, Auscultation: symtoms of infection of lower respiratory track even pneumonia, Blood for CRP (result: 5 g/ml), Swabs from nasopharynx for cultivation and for direct antigen detection of respiratory viruses
Cultivation – negative, only few colonies of coaggulase-negative staphylococcus
Questions:
1. What is the suspected etiology of lower respiratory tract infection in an infant with dyspnoe?
2. Why the cultivation was negative? What is the diagnostic possibility?

3. What is the pathogenesis of this infection?
4. What is the therapy of this infection?
5. Does any specific prevention by vaccination exist?

**ANAMNESIS:** 15 years old student comes to the pediatrician for one week lasting fever of 38oC, headache, caugh with no effect of antitusic drugs administered

**Objective:** Reddish pharynx, auscultation: lungs without pathologic findings, Blood for CRP: 150 g/ml, Roentgenogram: "spotted" atypical bronchopneumonia with infiltrates, Collection of blood for serologic examination

Questions:
1. Which other agents cause community aquired atypical pneumonia?
2. What are the possibilities of microbiologic diagnosis?
3. Is cultivation of these causative agents on cell-free culture media performed?
4. What therapy is indicated in this patient?
5. Which pathogen is the most presumable causative agent of this atypical bronchopneumonia with the characteristic none or mild physical finding and very typical considerable roentgenogram?
6. Is specific vaccination against this agent performed?