

Week 2
Navigate B1 Pre-Intermediate
Units 1 and 2

- **Part 1 - Unit 1 - Revision**
- Question forms
 - Present simple
 - Past simple
 - Auxiliary verbs do/does and did
 - Present Simple and adverbs of frequency/frequency expressions

Example Sentences from the Video

- When was the last time you were here in this university Café?
- What did you get?
- I never drink it with milk and I never drink it with sugar.
- How did you spend the last summer vacation?
- We always go there.
- Did you stay here in Prague?
- I go dancing on Tuesdays.
- I wear it often and I always, you know, take it to the dancing class.
- I am happy you wear it very often.
- She teaches us every Tuesday.

Highlight the following

Questions – auxiliary verbs

Questions – the verb BE

Adverbs of Frequency

Frequency Expressions

Questions with be and with auxiliary verbs

Source: Krantz, C., Norton, J. Navigate B1 Pre-Intermediate – Coursbook. OUP: 2015; p. 7 ex. 7

GRAMMAR FOCUS question forms

Questions with *do* and *did*

Question word	Auxiliary	Subject	Main verb
	Do	you	enjoy family events?
When	did	you	(last) see your older relatives?
Who	do	you	spend time with?

Questions with *be*

Question word	<i>be</i>	Subject	Adjective/Noun/Verb
	Are	you	interested in your parents' stories?
Who	is	your	favourite relative?

- We put auxiliaries (*do/does/did*) ¹ **before** / **after** the subject.
- We put the verb *be* (*am/is/are/was/were*) ² **before** / **after** the subject.
- We put prepositions (e.g. *to, with*) at the ³ **beginning** / **end** of the question.

→ Grammar Reference page 134

Questions with be and with auxiliary verbs

Questions and prepositions:

I drink coffee **with** sugar.

Did you stay here in Prague?

Question words:

What did you get?

When was the last time?

Adverbs of frequency and Frequency expressions

I never drink it with milk and I never drink it with sugar.

We always go there.

I often wear it (often) and I always, you know, take it to the dancing class.

I am happy you wear it very often.

I am always happy.

I go dancing on Tuesdays.

She teaches us every Tuesday.

Adverbs of frequency and Frequency expressions

Source: Krantz, C., Norton, J. Navigate B1 Pre-Intermediate – Coursbook. OUP: 2015; p. 9 ex. 5

GRAMMAR FOCUS present simple and adverbs of frequency/frequency expressions

- We use adverbs of frequency and frequency expressions to talk about how often we do things.
- An adverb of frequency usually goes ¹ **after** / **before** the main verb.
He nearly always listens to rock music.
- An adverb of frequency usually goes ² **after** / **before** the verb *to be*.
He's never worried about beating other people.
- An adverb of frequency usually goes ³ **after** / **before** the auxiliary verb (*do/does*) in negative sentences.
He doesn't usually think about anything.
- Frequency expressions can go at the beginning or end of a sentence.
He runs most days.

→ Grammar Reference page 135

Adverbs of frequency and Frequency expressions

Source: Krantz, C., Norton, J. Navigate B1 Pre-Intermediate – Coursbook. OUP: 2015; p. 135; 1.2

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High frequency				Low frequency
always	most days	sometimes	hardly ever	never
	nearly always	every now and then	rarely	
	usually	occasionally		
	often			

We use adverbs of frequency and frequency expressions when we talk about how often we do things or how often things happen.

Specific frequency expressions:

once		day
twice	a	week
three times etc.		month, etc.

- In positive sentences, we put adverbs of frequency (including the expressions *hardly ever* and *nearly always*) before the main verb, but after the verb *be*.
- In negative sentences, we put adverbs of frequency after auxiliary verbs (*do/does*), but we put *sometimes* before the auxiliary.
- In questions, we put the adverb of frequency after the subject.