Combinatorics, Probability, Statistics

Binomial theorem Binomial coefficient – "n choose k" Box plot Coin flipping = coin tossing Combination – with repetition Conditional probability Critical value (in a hypothesis test) Cumulative Probability Distribution Function Discrete probability Distribution – normal – binomial

Distributive function

Expected value

Experiment

Event

- dependent
- independent
- certain \rightarrow certainty (*n*.)
- impossible \rightarrow impossibility (*n*.)
- disjoint events = mutually exclusive events

Factorial

Frequency

Hypothesis testing

- null hypothesis
- alternative hypothesis
- p-value
- significance level

Mean = arithmetic mean (*less precisely* average)

Median

Mode

Outcome

- possible
- favourable
- equally likely

Outlier

Parameter

Permutation

Population

Probability distribution

Probability density function

Quartile

- upper / lower quartile

- inter-quartile range

Quantile

Random variable

r-arrangement (sometimes called 'variation')

Sample space = event space

Sample $(n., v.) \rightarrow$ sampling

- random sample

Standard deviation

Variable

- random
- continuous × discrete
- quantitative
- ordinal
- qualitative
- dependent × independent

Variance