non-proliferation was one of the main topics of the G-8 meeting.
Nuclear weapons have great potential. In a situation of, neither side has any incentive to start a conflict.
During the Cold War the US pursued a policy of toward the Soviet Union. Now the same approach is apparently being adopted toward China as a new
Since the temporary un-freezing of US-USSR relations in the 1970s, the term has entered into general use, denoting a relaxation of tension between previously hostile states.
The NATO intervention brought a of Taliban influence in Afghanistan.
The Franco-German
State failure is a complete breakdown of governmental authority on the territory of a state, often due to armed conflicts, ethnic, tribal or religious, whose consequences may be further exacerbated by natural disasters or famine
The massive of US forces in Southeast Asia signals a re-focusing of American foreign policy.
After postponing the start of US missile tests not to upset the North Korean leaders, President Obama was accused of pursuing policy.
After 9/11, the Bush administration adopted a doctrine of, declaring the right of the US to direct, unilateral interventions on the territory of its adversaries to forestall terrorist and other hostile acts.
institution building, appeasement, deployment, mutual assured destruction (MAD), preemption, containment, great power, WMD, deterrence, détente, rollback, rapprochement, failed states,