

38.0 ± 2.0 mm

Figure 2.9.7.-1. – Tablet friability apparatus

maximum loss of mass (obtained from a single test or from the mean of 3 tests) not greater than 1.0 per cent is considered acceptable for most products.

If tablet size or shape causes irregular tumbling, adjust the drum base so that the base forms an angle of about 10° with the horizontal and the tablets no longer bind together when lying next to each other, which prevents them from falling freely.

Effervescent tablets and chewable tablets may have different specifications as far as friability is concerned. In the case of hygroscopic tablets, a humidity-controlled environment is required for testing.

A drum with dual scooping projections, or apparatus with more than one drum, for the running of multiple samples at one time, are also permitted.

OPERATING PROCEDURE

Place the tablet between the jaws, taking into account, where applicable, the shape, the break-mark and the inscription; for each measurement orient the tablet in the same way with respect to the direction of application of the force. Carry out the measurement on 10 tablets, taking care that all fragments of tablets have been removed before each determination.

This procedure does not apply when fully automated equipment is used.

EXPRESSION OF RESULTS

Express the results as the mean, minimum and maximum values of the forces measured, all expressed in newtons. Indicate the type of apparatus and, where applicable, the orientation of the tablets.



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2.9.8. RESISTANCE TO CRUSHING OF TABLETS

This test is intended to determine, under defined conditions, the resistance to crushing of tablets, measured by the force needed to disrupt them by crushing.

APPARATUS

The apparatus consists of 2 jaws facing each other, one of which moves towards the other. The flat surfaces of the jaws are perpendicular to the direction of movement. The crushing surfaces of the jaws are flat and larger than the zone of contact with the tablet. The apparatus is calibrated using a system with a precision of 1 newton.



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2.9.9. MEASUREMENT OF CONSISTENCY BY PENETROMETRY

This test is intended to measure, under determined and validated conditions, the penetration of an object into the product to be examined in a container with a specified shape and size.

APPARATUS

The apparatus consists of a penetrometer made up of a stand and a penetrating object. A suitable apparatus is shown in Figure 2.9.9.-1.