SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY

Max Weber

WINTER TERM 2024

What is sociology according to Weber? What is *Verstehen*? How we should approach social reality? What is social action? The role of interpretation in sociology?

(1864-1920)

MAX WEBER



how did Weber become a sociologist?

He studied Polish poor migrants coming from Wielkopolska region to Berlin (rural areas)

The question he posed: why does some of the young men come back to their homes, after work season and other stay in Berlin?

The answer he came up with: boys from a bigger and richer farms valued more their personal freedom than economic duty towards their families.



Verstehen

○ intersubjective meaning

 $\circ~$ a tool for learning culture and "language" of a given society

 \circ interpersonal intuition



Verstehen

to understand the social phenomena

hermeneutics = to understand:







 $\circ~$ a heuristic divice

"Its function is the comparison with empirical reality in order to establish its divergences or similarities, to describe them with the most unambigously intelligible concepts and to understand and explain them casually" Weber 1903

what is sociology?

- 1. A science
- 2. Concerned with causality
- 3. Utilizing interpretative approach

SCIENCE IS NOT A MIRROR OF REALITY



value-free sociology

the interpretation of action in terms of its subjective meaning

value-free approach towards the object of study

social action

action aimed at others, intentional

4 kids of social actions:

- 1. means-end rationality
- 2. value rationality
- 3. affectual
- 4. traditional



authority

 \circ legal authority

 \circ traditional authority

 $\circ\;$ charismatic authority







The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism (1905)

