* International multi-sport events involving athletes with a range of disabilities physical, mental
* In winter games we have 5 mre sports tha specifies winter
* And between those 4 years there are winter games that also took place every 4 years
* All Paralympic Games are governed by the International Paralympic Committee
* Rehabilitation grew fast into competetive sports
* In 1948, while the Olympic Games were being held in London, England, he organized a sports competition for wheelchair athletes at Stoke Mandeville. This was the origin of the Stoke Mandeville Games, which evolved into the modern Paralympic Games.
* It was a summer games and there were 400 athleeths
* with two major exceptions in wheelchair racing and the club throw, which are specific to the division
* deaf athletes, athletes with a physical disability, and athletes with an intellectual disability.
* Deaf athletes typically compete among themselves, while athletes with physical and intellectual disabilities are usually assessed and given a para-athletics classification, which groups together athletes with similar ability levels
* These classifications are governed by the [International Paralympic Committee](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/International_Paralympic_Committee" \o "International Paralympic Committee) (IPC) and comprise a single letter and a number: T for Track or F for Field, then a number defining the level of ability. In competition, events may take place between athletes of identical class if numbers are sufficient, otherwise a range of similar classes may compete in the same event.[[2]](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Para-athletics#cite_note-2) The [Raza point score system](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Raza_point_score_system" \o "Raza point score system) can be used in field events to allow athletes of different abilities to directly compete.
* though deaf athletes and athletes with an intellectual disability compete separately
* World Para Athletics Championships, the World Deaf Athletics Championships and the INAS World Athletics Championships
* Competitors at elite level competitions are classified by disability, to arrange athletes with a similar disability in the same event
* starting with visually impaired riders who competed on a tandem with a sighted partner.
* where it consisted of only road races for riders with cerebral palsy.
* The ability to se eis less then 10%
* The ball has bell inside
* The ball has to be thrown never kicked
* 3 form one and 3 from the other
* The point of this game is to score more goals the the other team, Theky have to throw or roll the ball to the opposite net, They are using knees and hands to move on the pitch
* Teams can also use one guide, who is positioned off the field of play, to assist in directing players¨
* The ball is equipped with a noise-making device to allow players to locate it by sound
* with a ten-minute break at half-time
* players have to wear face masks to cover thein eyes
* during the match there has to be komplete silence so that players can focus on the bell inside the ball
* the point is still the same like in normal basketball
* with maximum of 14 disability ponits- All teams which compete above a recreational level use the classification system to evaluate the functional abilities of players on a point scale of 1 to 4.5. Minimally disabled athletes are classified as a 4.5
* the players have to need some kind of disability
* They need to have 8 disability ponits and can be played combined by mens ad women
* Players used specialized whellchairs
* for defensive fouls and technical fouls, or a loss of possession, for offensive fouls
* Wheelchair rugby games consist of four eight-minute quartem
* Wheelchairs can have specifications for the position that player has
* standing, blind and sitting
* For exemple monoski which is one ski with a seat on the top
* pass a ball using their hands with the aim of throwing it into the goal of the other team
* The goals are surrounded by a 6-meter (20 ft) zone where only the defending goalkeeper is allowed; goals must be scored by throwing the ball from outside the zone or while "diving" into it.
* Which teams typically scores 25-30 goals
* There are records of handball-like games in medieval France, and among the Inuit in Greenland, in the Middle Ages
* of håndbold from Denmark, házená in the Czech Republic, handbol in Ukraine, and torball in Germany
* after 1919 the rules were improved by Karl Schelenz. The first international games were played under these rules, between Germany and Austria by men in 1925
* the goalkeeper is the only one allowed to use their feet but only within the goal area.
* or can take up to three steps for up to three seconds at a time without dribbling.
* A shot or pass in the goal area is valid if completed before touching the floor. Goalkeepers are allowed outside the goal area, but are not allowed to cross the goal area boundary with the ball in their hands.
* A seven-meter throw is awarded when a clear chance of scoring is illegally prevented anywhere on the court by an opposing team player, official, or spectator
* He is the most sucseful one he has over 22 tituls including champions league, olympic games and world cup. French player
* Danish player, current team psg, 15 tituls, 4 times scored most goals
* Barcelona he retierd in 2017, 20 tituls, playd in kiel in germany