

$$N_t = \mathbf{1}_{[\tau \leq t]} \cdot \begin{cases} \tau & \text{cas selhein'} \\ \cup & \text{cas cenzorahn'} \\ X & \text{cas udatlosti } X = \tau \wedge \cup \end{cases}$$

$$\int = \mathbf{1}_{[\tau \leq \cup]} = \mathbf{1}_{[X = \tau]}$$

Poissonov process s intenzitatem  $\lambda(s) > 0$

$$\int_0^T \lambda(s) ds < \infty \quad N_t$$

$$\Lambda(t) = \int_0^t \lambda(s) ds$$

$N_t - \Lambda(t)$  je apriava sporof' martingal.

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{h} P[N_{t+h} - N_t = 1] = \lambda(h)$$

$\tau$  ~~stoppt~~ warten  
nach  $\tau$  Dose  $\downarrow$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{h} P[\tau \in [A\downarrow + h) \mid \tau \geq \downarrow] = - \frac{s'(A)}{s(A)} \text{ s.v. A}$$

$$S(\downarrow) = 1 - F(\downarrow) \quad F \text{ dist. f.a } \tau$$

$$S(\downarrow) = 1 - F(\downarrow) = \exp\left(-\int_0^{\downarrow} \lambda(s) ds\right)$$

$$\Lambda(\downarrow) = \int_0^{\downarrow} \lambda(s) ds \quad \text{hazulatim! nizkorai funkci}$$

$$\tau \text{ abs. stopft} \quad \Lambda(\downarrow) = \int_0^{\downarrow} \frac{f(s)}{1 - F(s)} ds \quad \begin{aligned} & f(s) \neq \text{hazoda wert} \\ & F(s) \text{ dist. funkci red. } \tau \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{je-li } \tau \text{ diskretní} \quad P[\tau = t_i] = p_i \quad t_1 < t_2 < \dots$$

A je funkce po čísloch konstantní a v hode  $t_i$  má složku reliabiliti

$$\frac{p_i}{\sum_{j \geq i} p_j}$$

$$\Lambda(t_i) = \sum_{k=1}^i \left( \frac{p_j}{\sum_{j \geq i} p_j} \right) = P[\tau = t_i \mid \tau \geq t_i]$$

$$\Lambda(s) = \int_0^s \frac{1}{1 - F(s)} dF(s) \quad \leftarrow \text{pro } \tau \text{ spojité i diskretní}$$

you can  $\frac{\cup \text{ a } \tau \text{ measurable}}{\cup \text{ a } \tau \text{ measurable}} + \tau$  is absolute stopping

$$\lambda(t) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{h} P[\tau \in [t, t+h) \mid \tau \geq t] = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{h} P[\tau \in [t, t+h) \mid \tau \geq t, X \geq t]$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{h} P[\tau \in [t, t+h) \mid X \geq t]$$

$$\text{using above } P[\tau \in [t, t+h) \mid X \geq t] = \lambda(t)h + o(h)$$

$$\underbrace{P[N_{t+h-} - N_{t-} = 1 \mid X \geq t]}_{\in \{0, 1\}} = E[N_{t+h-} - N_{t-} \mid X \geq t]$$

$$\text{Nachahme} \quad A_1 = \int_c^1 \lambda(u) \cdot 1[X \geq u] du$$

$$P[\tau \geq u, U \geq u] = P[\tau \geq u] P[U \geq u]$$

↓  
mech.

$$E[A_1] = E \left[ \int_c^1 \lambda(u) \cdot 1[X \geq u] du \right] = \int_c^1 \lambda(u) P[X \geq u]$$

$$= \int_c^1 \overbrace{\lambda(u)}^{\circ} \underbrace{P[\tau \geq u]}_{\circ} P[U \geq u] du = \int_c^1 P[U \geq u] \cdot f(u) du$$

$$\frac{f(u)}{1 - F(u)} = \frac{f(u)}{P[\tau \geq u]}$$

$$= \int_c^1 P[U \geq u] \cdot \lim_{h \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{P[\tau \in (u-h, u)]}{h} du$$

↓  
 $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{P[\tau \in (u-h, u)]}{h}$  für  $u$

$$\int_0^A \lim_{\delta \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{\delta} P[U \geq u, \tau \in (u-\delta, u)] du = \int_0^A \frac{\partial}{\partial x} P[U \geq u, \tau \leq x] \Big|_{x=u} du$$

$$= P[U \geq A, \tau \leq A] = P[N_A = 1] = EN_A$$

$$1[\tau \leq A] \cdot 1[U > \tau]$$

$$M_A = N_A - A_A \quad EM_A = 0$$

$$N_A - \int_0^A 1[X \geq u] \lambda(u) du = 1[X \leq A, \delta = 1] \cdot \lambda(A \wedge X)$$

Veta: Nechť  $\tau$  je mezdpravé absolutně spojné měřidelná veličina

$\cup$  měřidelná veličina,  $T, U \leq \tau$ .  $X = T \wedge U$  čas udělosti

$$\delta = 1[\tau \leq U] = 1[X = \tau]$$

$$N_A = 1[X \leq A, \delta = 1]$$
 do času  $A$  došlo ke udělosti a kou je SELHAVÍ,

$$N_A^U = 1[X \leq A, \delta = 0]$$
 CENZROVÁVÍ

$$\tilde{T}_A = \sigma(N_S, N_S^U, S \leq A)$$

$\lambda(u)$  měřidelná funkce pro  $\tau$  (1. fáz.  $S \geq 0$ )

$$\lambda(u) = \frac{f(u)}{1 - F(u)}$$

Pale froses  $M_A = N_A - A_A$  As je  $\int_0^A 1[X \leq u] \lambda(u) du$

~~je marktingal felgy a jen felgy je-l.~~

$$\textcircled{2} \lambda(A) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{h} \frac{P[\tau \in [A, A+h), U \geq A]}{P[\tau \geq A, U \geq A]}$$

pw sv. 1 takora'

$P[X \geq A] > 0$ .

Polind json  $\sigma \in \mathcal{U}$  meadhal | pale  $\lambda(A) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{h} \frac{P[\tau \in [A, A+h)) \cap \sigma, U \geq A]}{P[\tau \geq A] \cap \sigma}$

Počítadlo  $T$  a  $V$  s počtem  $\textcircled{A}$ , pak lze říct, že  $U$  je generován mezinásobkem  
 množiny (nejménším násobkem veličin  $V$  a  $T$  je silnější než  $U$ )

Faktorům  $\textcircled{B}$  můžeme zaplatit

$$\lambda(A) = -\frac{\frac{\partial}{\partial u} P[T \geq u, U \geq A]}{P[T \geq A, U \geq A]} \quad \Big|_{u=A}$$