

Spóčítajte $\int_{\Lambda} F dx^2$ kde $F(x,y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$

a $\Lambda = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2; 1 \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq 4, x \leq y \leq x\sqrt{3}\}$

M je uz $\Rightarrow M$ je mĕř.

F je spoj. $\Rightarrow F$ je mĕř.

$F \geq 0$.

Podle Lebesgueova kritéria souřadnice.

$$(*) \quad \begin{aligned} x &= r \cos(\alpha) \\ y &= r \sin(\alpha) \end{aligned}$$

$$\varphi: (0, \infty) \times (-\bar{h}, \bar{h}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$|\text{J}\varphi(r, \alpha)| = r$$

$$r \cos(\alpha) \leq r \sin(\alpha) \leq \sqrt{3} r \cos(\alpha)$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 \leq \tan(\alpha) \leq \sqrt{3}$$

(Búňto $\cos(\alpha) \geq 0$, jinak
neexistuje řešení)

$$\varphi^{-1}(\pi) = \left\{ (r, \alpha) \in (0, \infty) \times (-\bar{h}, \bar{h}); r \in [1, 2], \right.$$

$$\left. \alpha \in \left(\underset{\substack{\parallel \\ \pi/4}}{\arctan(1)}, \underset{\substack{\parallel \\ \pi/3}}{\arctan(\sqrt{3})} \right) \right\}$$

φ splňuje
předpoklady
V. o substituci.

$$\int_n^{\infty} r^2 dr \stackrel{(*)}{=} \int_{\varphi^{-1}(n)} r^2 d\lambda^2(r, \alpha) \quad \text{Fubini; integrand} \geq 0$$

$$= \int_1^2 \int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} r^2 d\alpha dr = \frac{\pi}{12} \left[\frac{r^3}{3} \right]_1^2$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{12} \cdot \frac{7}{3} = \frac{7\pi}{36}$$